CANADIAN OVERSEAS FORCE

Algoma Member-Quebec Petition Against Participa-

Canadian Press Despatch OTTAWA, Sept. 8.—Maxime Raymond, K.C., (Lib. Beauharnois-Laprairie) submitted a petition against Canadian participation in war in the House of Commons today. He said it was signed by "thousands of citizens" and laid it on the table of the House without comment.

The petition was contained in four paper-wrapped packages. Its exact contents were not immediately available.

Galleries of the House were filled to capacity as the second sitting of the special war session of Parlingaent opened.

Lady Tweedsmuir, wife of the Governor-General was a spectator and foreign legations were well represented.

Col. H. S. Hamilton (Lib. Algoma West), moved the address in reply to the speech from the throne. In the grave circumstan-ces under which Parliament is assembled at this time, he said, "talk should be brief, and action as prompt and vigorous as possible."

Col. Hamilton thanked Prime Minister Mackenzie King for carrying out his promise to call Parliament if it became necessary to decide the issue of peace or war, He praised the Prime Minister for his refusal to dissolve Parliament for a general election in the face of the crisis which has now developed into war.

(Continued on page 11)

"Canada's War," Declares Submarine Sighted Close to Boston

Associated Press Despatch BOSTON, Sept. 8 .- An unidentified submarine was sighted today by the crew of the Pollock Rip lightship, which guards the westerly approach to Nantucket Sound, coastguard headquarters at Boston reported.

Those aboard the lightship said the submarine had no identifying marks and that she was headed in a southerly direction.

Coastguards said there was no alarm but that a report was made to Washington. It was possible, they added, that the craft might have been a United States submarine. The U.S. submarines, Sea Dragon and R-13, were known to be off Cape Cod. The Sea Dragon is on trial.

ALL GUESTS IN HOTELS MUST FILL OUT FORMS

Canadian Press Cable

LONDON, Sept. 8.—Under regulations which went into effect today all persons, including British subjects, registering at British hotels must fill out long questionnaires, giving their nationality, address in Great Britain, destina-tion if travelling, passport number, and other information.

Those failing to do this, or giv-"May I also express my respect ing false information, will liable to a fine of £100 or imprisonment for six months.

Woodstock Sentinel-Review Article, 1939 - Quebec petitions against Canada's participation in the war, part 1.



WAR INCREASES POTENTIAL VALUE FARM PRODUCTS

Addr at Least \$1,000,000,000 to United States Crop Value for Season

-Associated Press Despatch CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—The war boom in commodity prices has increased the potential value of principal farm products in the United
States by at least \$1,000,000, market

Experts estimated today.

Grains Ilvarions and produces

The world was confronted with

Grains, livestock and produce have appreciated in value as a re-suit of the upward swing of prices the last few days. In most cases prices are higher than they have

been in more than a year.
Farmers, who hold larger quantities of grain than at any previous corresponding date on record, are in position to benefit directly and manediately from the price rise, experts said.

The most sensational price upmarket, where values have appreci-

ated 39 per cent.

The price of corn has risen about 17 to around 60 cents a bushel since the start of German-Polish hostilities. This has increased by approximately \$44,000,000 the market value of 287,000,000 burhals of 1987 and 1988 corn which farmers have scaled as collateral on government loans.

The increase of almost 30 per Sent, in wheat prices has raised by Spproximately \$13,600,000 the mar-ket value of 68,000,000 bushels held under government loans and has given the total 1939 crop plus carryover from previous years a value of \$880,000,000.

Hog values have soared approximately 30 per cent, giving the country's hog population of around 50,000,000 head a valuation of \$225,-000,000 higher than a week ago.

USE TECHNICAL SCHOOL TO TRAIN R.C.A.F. MEN

Canadian Press Despatch TORONTO, Sept. 8.—The To-ronto board of education at a meeting last night officially au-thorized the exclusive use of the Central technical school and its equipment for the training of Royal Canadian Air Force recruits. The 2,500 students will be accommodated in other city The 2,500 students will

MEMBER MOVING ADDRESS FAVORS **OVERSEAS FORCE**

(Continued from page 1)

and admiration to the leader of the Opposition (Hon. R. J. Manion) for the understanding and restraint he has shown, particularly in the last few weeks, in permit-ting the government to have a free hand," Col. Hamilton said. "These same remarks I apply to the lead-

The world was confronted with a philosophy which knew nothing of the rights of the individual man except his willingness to obey. It was a philosuphy wholly in conflict with the one in which the Canadian people had and would seek their happiness and freedom.

"CANADA'S WAR"

"To me this war is Canada's war," Col. Hamilton said. "To me the defeat of Britain is the defeat of Canada. To me the defeat of France is the defeat of Canada. To me the death of every British, French or Polish soldier, sallor and airman in resisting German aggresston is a life given in the service of Canada."

The organised strength and power of Canada should be thrown into the balance against German into the beliance against German military forces "and the philosophy upon which they are based." Col. Hamilton said. "If that assistance involved sending an expeditionary force to fight in Europe I am for that too."

Canada's great need at the mo-ment was that the government should have the confidence and faith of the people. And one of the first essentials to achieve that faith and confidence, was that there should be "equality of sacrifice."

All citizens should share equally in the sacrifice of human material, share financially in proportion to their means, and there should be

heavy penalties for profitering.

Mr. Mackenzie King's wisdom in not dissolving parliament for an election this sufmer now was obvious, said Col. Hamilton, Nothing was made involved the thing was said to the suffering was sufficient was suffering w ing was more important than the unity of Canada, all people all races and creeds in Canada should march step by step in a great na-tional endeavor.

CONSCRIPTION "I served in the ranks in the last war as did members of my family and I voted against conscription.

"I do not know what my thoughts

body set up to monnize the man-power of Canada, not only for the army but for necessary services and industry. If a body was not created, ability, experience and capacity would not be put to prop-

Col. Hamilton warned the gov ernment against a mistake he sald was made in the early days of the last war, that of failing to give promotion to those who earned it in the field.

Later it was the practice of promotion from within the forces, which resulted in the building up of a splendid Canadian Corps.

Col. Hamilton also argued against

the custom in the last war of taking Canadians to England for training. All the training should be carried out in Canada.

He had hoped never to be called upon to vote for what might send a Canadian boy to death or wounding, Col. Hamilton said. "That moment possibly has come," he said but he would not ask another to make a sacrifice he was not prepared to share himself."

SECONDS ADDRESS

J. A. Blanchette (Lib. Compton), seconding the address in the reply to the speech from the throne, prefaced his remarks by expressing pleasure at the fact that the government has kept its promise of calling Parliament before taking any decisive action with respect to Canada's participation in

the present conflict.

All peace efforts having failed, he said, "we are now faced with the duty of making a choice between justice and conciliation on the one hand and brutal force on the other.

NEUTRALITY IS SECESSION "As a partner of the British Commonwealth of Nations, Canada cannot remain indifferent in these critical times.

"While we are privileged to enjoy our partnership in this association of British nations, we must also be prepared to assume the obligations such an association entails.

"A declaration of neutrality at this time would be the equivalent to a declaration of independence" he said. "I am proud to support a government who have the sense of their responisbilities and are prepared to discharge them to the fullest extent."

But while the Government has taken this stnad, it has taken it with great prudence and sagacity, Mr. Blanchette said. Measures have been taken to curtail profitsering and speculation in the necessities of life. Canada, like all great nations, will be equal to the task, and accept with a gay heart the sacrifices expected from her.

Woodstock Sentinel-Review Article, 1939 - Quebec petitions against Canada's participation in the war, part 2.

